

9차시

29번, 31번

29번

- Resource: 자원
- High-cost: 고비용의
- Translate into: ...로 해석되다
- Record keeping: 기록관리
- Generally: 일반적으로
- Advantageous: 유리한
- Specialize in: ..을 전문으로 하다
- Provision: 제공
- Physician services: 의료 행위
- Joint: 공동의
- Output: 결과물
- Achievable: 성취할 수 있는

... you are using your time and resources to produce many things ① for which you are a high-cost provider.

- You are using your time and resources to produce **many things**.
- You are a high-cost provider for **many things**.

- You are using your time and resources to produce **many things**.
- You are a high-cost provider for **which**.

- You are using your time and resources to produce **many things which** you are a high-cost provider for.

- You are using your time and resources to produce **many things which** you are a high-cost provider **for**.

- You are using your time and resources to produce **many things for which** you are a high-cost provider.

② It is generally in their interest to hire someone to perform these services.

② It is generally in their interest to hire

가주어

진주어

someone to perform these services.

Because the time ③spent with their
patients is worth a lot, ...

Because the time (spent with their patients) is worth a lot, ...

Thus, doctors will almost always find it

④ advantageous to hire someone else to
keep and manage their records.

Thus, doctors will almost always find it
advantageous to hire someone else to
keep and manage their records.

주어

동사 목적어

목적보어

Thus, doctors will almost always find it
advantageous to hire someone else to
keep and manage their records.

주어
동사
가목적어
목적보어
진목적어

Moreover, when the doctor specializes in the provision of physician services and ⑤ hiring someone who has a comparative advantage in record keeping,

Moreover, when the doctor specializes
in the provision of physician services
and hiring someone who has a
comparative advantage in record
keeping,

Moreover, when the doctor specializes
in the provision of physician services
and hires someone who has a
comparative advantage in record
keeping,

Trying to produce everything yourself

주어

would mean you are using your time and resources to produce many things for which you are a high-cost provider.

Trying to produce everything yourself
would mean **you are using your time and
resources to produce many things for**
which you are a high-cost provider.

Trying to produce everything yourself would mean you are using your time and resources to produce many things **for which you are a high-cost provider.**

This would translate into lower production and income.

For example, even though most doctors might be good at record keeping and arranging appointments, it is generally in their interest to hire someone to perform these services.

For example, even though most doctors might be good at record keeping and arranging appointments, **it** is generally in their interest to hire someone to perform these services.

가주어

진주어

The time doctor use to keep records is
time they could have spent seeing
patients.

Because the time spent with their patients is worth a lot, the opportunity cost of record keeping for doctors will be high.

Thus, doctors will almost always find it
advantageous to hire someone else to
keep and manage their records.

주어
동사
가목적어
목적보어
진목적어

Moreover, when **the doctor specializes in** the provision of physician services and **hires** someone who has a comparative advantage in record keeping, costs will be lower and joint output larger than would otherwise be achievable.

Moreover, when the doctor specializes in the provision of physician services and hires someone who has a comparative advantage in record keeping, **costs will be lower and joint output (will be) larger than would otherwise be achievable.**

31번

- Wonder: 궁금해하다
- Lasting: 영원한
- Struggle: 몸부림치다
- Get past: ...옆을 지나가다
- Formation: 형성
- Be traced to: ...로 거슬러 올라가다
- Infancy: 유아기
- Bind: 묶다
- Pursue: 추구하다
- Contact: 접촉
- Walk about: 산책하다
- Come to: ...하게 되다
- Over time: 시간이 흐르면서

Psychologists Leon Festinger, Stanley Schachter, and sociologist Kurt Back began to wonder how friendships form.

Why do some strangers build lasting friendships, while others struggle to get past basic platitudes?

Some experts explained that friendship formation could be traced to infancy, where children acquired the values, beliefs, and attitudes that would bind or separate them later in life.

Some experts explained that friendship formation could be traced to infancy, where children acquired the values, beliefs, and attitudes (that would bind or separate them later in life).

Some experts explained that friendship formation could be traced to infancy, where children acquired the values, beliefs, and attitudes (that would bind or separate them later in life).

But Festinger, Schachter, and Back
pursued a different theory.

The researchers believed that physical space was the key to friendship formation; that “friendships are likely to develop on the basis of brief and passive contacts made going to and from home or walking about the neighborhood.”

The researchers believed that physical space was the key to friendship formation; **that “friendships are likely to develop on the basis of brief and passive contacts made going to and from home or walking about the neighborhood.”**

The researchers believed that physical space was the key to friendship formation; that “friendships are likely to develop on the basis of brief and passive contacts {made (going to and from home) or (walking about the neighborhood).}”

In their view, it wasn't so much that people with similar attitudes became friends, but rather that people who passed each other during the day tended to become friends and so came to adopt similar attitudes over time.

In their view, it wasn't so much that people with similar attitudes became friends, but rather that people who passed each other during the day tended to become friends and so came to adopt similar attitudes over time.